**Literary Elements**

Illustrate each literary element with symbols, pictures or quotes from a story or novel. Quotes must include the title of the work you are citing in parentheses. Your illustration must clearly show your understanding of the concept.

**Figurative Language**

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| Language that contains or uses figures of speech, especially metaphors. Has a different meaning from the *litera*l meaning. Metaphor, personification and hyperbole are a few examples of figurative language | **Metaphor**  A comparison between two unlike subjects in which one subject is implied to be another so as to draw a comparison between their similarities and shared traits. |
| **Hyperbole**  A ridiculous exaggeration that is not intended to be taken literally. | **Personification**  It refers to the practice of attaching human traits and characteristics with inanimate objects, phenomena and animals. |

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| **Imagery**  Words and phrases that create “mental images” for the reader. Imagery helps the reader to visualize and therein more realistically experience the author’s writings | **Tone**  The writer’s attitude towards the subject that influences the expression of his ideas. |
| **Mood**  The mental and emotional disposition of the author towards the subject, which in turn lends a particular character or atmosphere to the work. (How the author makes the reader feel) | **Theme**  The base topic or focus of the literary piece. The underlying message about human nature that is universal. |